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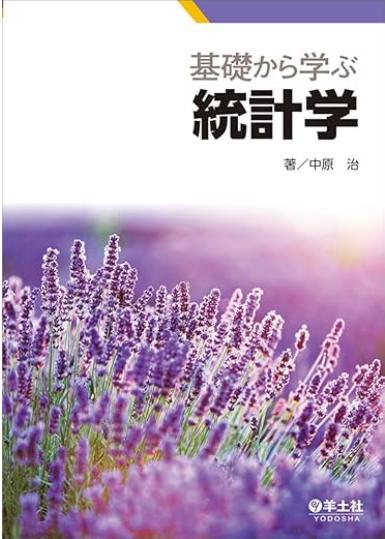
統計学を学ぶための1冊

統計学の基礎から学ぶ

↓



統計学



統計学 (1)

統計学の基礎から学ぶ. . . 10冊

[Amazon](#)

2024年7月24日

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Translational Medicine

Science

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Diet shapes the metabolite profile in the intact human ileum, which affects PYY release

<https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/scitranslmed.adm8132>

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peptide YY (PYY) =

Microbiology

3

Dietary fibre directs microbial tryptophan metabolism via metabolic interactions in the gut microbiota

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41564-024-01737-3>

Nature

Microbiology

4

bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/2020.05.14.244444>; this version posted May 14, 2020. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

bioRxiv

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41564-024-01728-4>

1

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling (MCM) is a powerful tool for predicting the metabolic output of a microbial community. In this study, we used MCM to predict the production profiles of short-chain fatty acids (SCFAs) in the human gut. We compared the results of MCM with experimental data and found that MCM accurately predicted the production profiles of SCFAs in the human gut.

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bioRxiv

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Cell Host & Microbe

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Obesity-enriched gut microbe degrades myo-inositol and promotes lipid absorption

[https://www.cell.com/cell-host-microbe/abstract/S1931-3128\(24\)00230-0](https://www.cell.com/cell-host-microbe/abstract/S1931-3128(24)00230-0)

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Megamonas rupellensis

Megamonas rupellensis

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<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-024-07634-3>

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cellular communication network factor 3 (CCN3)

CCN3

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Nature Communications

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Effects of diets on risks of cancer and the mediating role of metabolites

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-024-50258-4>

[illegible][illegible]

UK

Diagram illustrating a sequence of 30 boxes (representing 30 elements) followed by an arrow pointing to a sequence of 10 boxes (representing 10 elements). Below the first sequence, there are 10 boxes, each containing a number from 1 to 10.

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**International
Journal of Obesity**

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Skin carotenoid scores and metabolic syndrome in a general Japanese population: the Hisayama study

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41366-024-01575-7>

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Cell Reports

2024 7 17

Cell Reports

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Cell Reports

The microbiota drives diurnal rhythms in tryptophan metabolism in the stressed gut

[https://www.cell.com/cell-reports/fulltext/S2211-1247\(24\)00407-8](https://www.cell.com/cell-reports/fulltext/S2211-1247(24)00407-8)

Cell Reports

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Cell Host & Microbe

2

Diurnal rhythmicity of infant fecal microbiota and metabolites: A randomized controlled interventional trial with infant formula

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1931312824000581>

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Veillonella *Bacteroides* *Bifidobacterium* *Streptococcus* *Clostridium* OTU

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Cell Metabolism

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Abstract

Background: The purpose of this study was to investigate the effects of a 12-week intervention on the metabolic and cardiovascular health of individuals with type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM).

Methods: A randomized controlled trial was conducted with 60 participants.

Results: The intervention group showed significant improvements in HbA1c, fasting glucose, and blood pressure compared to the control group.

Conclusion: The intervention was effective in improving metabolic and cardiovascular parameters.

Keywords: Type 2 diabetes, intervention, metabolic health, cardiovascular health.

Introduction: Type 2 diabetes mellitus (T2DM) is a global health problem, and its management is crucial for preventing complications.

Objective: The study aimed to evaluate the impact of a structured lifestyle intervention on T2DM patients.

Study Design: A randomized controlled trial was conducted.

Participants: Sixty individuals with T2DM were recruited and randomly assigned to either the intervention or control group.

Intervention: The intervention group followed a 12-week program of dietary and physical activity changes.

Measurements: Blood glucose levels, HbA1c, and blood pressure were measured at baseline and follow-up.

Results: The intervention group showed significant improvements in HbA1c, fasting glucose, and blood pressure compared to the control group.

Conclusion: The intervention was effective in improving metabolic and cardiovascular parameters.

Keywords: Type 2 diabetes, intervention, metabolic health, cardiovascular health.

Background: Randomized Controlled Trials (RCTs) are the gold standard for evaluating the effectiveness of interventions. This study reports on a RCT conducted in 2024, published in Frontiers in Nutrition.

<https://www.frontiersin.org/journals/nutrition/articles/10.3389/fnut.2024.1419978/full>

2024年7月15日 星期一

Targeting senescence induced by age or chemotherapy with a polyphenol-rich natural extract improves longevity and healthspan in mice Nature Aging

Targeting senescence induced by age or chemotherapy with a polyphenol-rich natural extract improves longevity and healthspan in mice

2024

Targeting senescence induced by age or chemotherapy with a polyphenol-rich natural extract improves longevity and healthspan in mice

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s43587-024-00663-7>

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Targeting senescence induced by age or chemotherapy with a polyphenol-rich natural extract improves longevity and healthspan in mice

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Targeting senescence induced by age or chemotherapy with a polyphenol-rich natural extract improves longevity and healthspan in mice Nature Cell

Biology

6 Functional multi-organelle units control inflammatory lipid metabolism of macrophages

0rgaPlexing

Functional multi-organelle units control inflammatory lipid metabolism of macrophages

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41556-024-01457-0>

Macrophages are key players in the innate immune system, and their metabolic state is crucial for their function. The organelle units within macrophages, including the mitochondria, endoplasmic reticulum, and Golgi apparatus, are involved in the metabolism of lipids and the production of inflammatory mediators. This study investigates the functional multi-organelle units that control inflammatory lipid metabolism in macrophages.

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Nature

Microbiology

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2024年7月12日星期四 **Nature Metabolism**

2024年7月12日星期四

2024年7月12日星期四

Towards nutrition with precision: unlocking biomarkers as dietary assessment tools

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s42255-024-01067-y>

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Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

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Cell Metabolism

Proteomic predictors of individualized nutrient-specific insulin secretion in health and disease

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0002916524003897>

Cell Metabolism

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Cell Metabolism

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RNAseq

Cell Metabolism

Cell Host &

Microbe

Microbiology and Immunology

Journal

Dietary fiber alleviates alcoholic liver injury via *Bacteroides acidifaciens* and subsequent ammonia detoxification

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1931312824002269?via%3Dihub>

NASH

Alcoholic liver disease

Microbiome

Abstract

Background

Bacteroides acidifaciens

Conclusion

Conclusion

Conclusion

Conclusion

Cell

Cell Report Medicine

Cell Report Medicine

2024年7月10日 第4期

本期目录

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2024年7月10日 第4期

本期目录 Gut Microbe

本期目录 AD

本期目录

A modified Mediterranean-style diet enhances brain function via specific gut-microbiome-brain mechanisms

<https://www.tandfonline.com/doi/full/10.1080/19490976.2024.2323752>

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AD

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Effects of ketogenic diet on health outcomes: an umbrella review of meta-analyses of randomized clinical trials

<https://bmcmmedicine.biomedcentral.com/articles/10.1186/s12916-023-02874-y>

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68 RCT

LDL cholesterol

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PHD The American Journal of Clinical Nutrition

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Planetary Health Diet Index and risk of total and cause-specific mortality in three prospective cohorts

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0002916524003897>

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PHD 3 the Nurses' Health Study (1986–2019), the Nurses' Health Study II (1989–2019), the Health Professionals Follow-up Study (1986–2018) 20 PHD

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PHD Nature Aging

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PHD

Blautia wexlerae

Blautia wexlerae

3

SDGs

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2024年7月5日星期四

细胞因子受体拮抗剂 Cell

IL-17A/IL-23R 拮抗剂在银屑病治疗中的研究进展

摘要

Preclinical proof of principle for orally delivered Th17 antagonist miniproteins

[https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674\(24\)00631-7](https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674(24)00631-7)

□

Alfa Fold3 蛋白质结构预测平台在蛋白质结构预测中的应用

RoseTTAFold All-Atom 蛋白质结构预测平台在蛋白质结构预测中的应用

Th17 细胞因子受体拮抗剂在银屑病治疗中的研究进展

细胞因子受体拮抗剂在银屑病治疗中的研究进展

Th17 细胞因子受体拮抗剂在银屑病治疗中的研究进展

Cell Host & Microbe

1200 篇文章

摘要

Multi-omics signatures reveal genomic and functional heterogeneity of *Cutibacterium acnes* in normal and diseased skin

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Hepatocyte vitamin D receptor functions as a nutrient sensor that regulates energy storage and tissue growth in zebrafish

[https://www.cell.com/cell-reports/fulltext/S2211-1247\(24\)00721-6](https://www.cell.com/cell-reports/fulltext/S2211-1247(24)00721-6)

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

Cell Reports

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるEECが腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした
腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるEECが腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

□

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるEECが腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

Nature

Microbiology □

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるmGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

腸内細菌

Influenza virus uses mGluR2 as an endocytic receptor to enter cells

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41564-024-01713-x>

□

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるmGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした
腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるmGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるmGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした
potassium calcium-activated channel subfamily M alpha 1 (KCa1.1)が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

mGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

腸内細菌mGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

腸内細菌**CD8+T**が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした **Science Advances** □

腸内細菌叢の代謝物であるmGluR2が腸管免疫系を調節するメカニズムを明らかにした

腸内細菌

¹³C metabolite tracing reveals glutamine and acetate as critical in vivo fuels for CD8 T cells

<https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/sciadv.adj1431>

Microbiology
Microbiology

Nature Microbiology

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

Microbiology

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41564-024-01728-4>

Microbiology

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

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Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

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Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

Microbiology

Nature Medicine

Microbial community-scale metabolic modelling predicts personalized short-chain fatty acid production profiles in the human gut

– @ (@NzXyZQD0CMpLgz5) [April 12, 2023](#)

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– @ (@NzXyZQD0CMpLgz5) [May 16, 2024](#)

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Cell Host & Microbe

細胞内での代謝反応は、細胞のエネルギー状態や栄養状態に応じて調節される。例えば、グルコースの代謝は、ATP/ADP比やNADH/NAD+比によって調節される。

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細胞内での代謝反応は、細胞のエネルギー状態や栄養状態に応じて調節される。例えば、グルコースの代謝は、ATP/ADP比やNADH/NAD+比によって調節される。

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細胞内での代謝反応は、細胞のエネルギー状態や栄養状態に応じて調節される。例えば、グルコースの代謝は、ATP/ADP比やNADH/NAD+比によって調節される。
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□5:2は、細胞内での代謝反応を調節する。□1 □2は、細胞内での代謝反応を調節する。□5:2は、細胞内での代謝反応を調節する。□1 □2は、細胞内での代謝反応を調節する。

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Brain responses to intermittent fasting and the healthy living diet in older adults

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1550413124002250>

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細胞内での代謝反応は、細胞のエネルギー状態や栄養状態に応じて調節される。例えば、グルコースの代謝は、ATP/ADP比やNADH/NAD+比によって調節される。480kcalは、細胞内での代謝反応を調節する。

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2024年6月26日 GPCR 研究进展

第3期

本期主要介绍了GPCR研究领域的最新进展，包括GPCR在信号转导中的作用、GPCR在疾病中的作用以及GPCR在药物开发中的应用。

本期主要介绍了GPCR41、GPCR43、GPCR40和GPCR120在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

本期主要介绍了2023-2024年GPCR研究领域的最新进展，包括GPCR在信号转导中的作用、GPCR在疾病中的作用以及GPCR在药物开发中的应用。

本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

□

本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

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本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

GPCR 研究进展 第3期

本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。 Nature

本期主要介绍了GPCR在信号转导中的作用，以及它们在疾病中的作用。

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GPCR

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Nature Aging

PCAge

Principal component-based clinical aging clocks identify signatures of healthy aging and targets for clinical intervention

Cell

Cell

Cell

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Cell

Correction of age-associated defects in dendritic cells enables CD4⁺ T cells to eradicate tumors

[https://www.cell.com/cell/abstract/S0092-8674\(24\)00535-X](https://www.cell.com/cell/abstract/S0092-8674(24)00535-X)

Cell

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Communications

Nature

6-14

Cell

2024年6月21日星期五 第4期

2024年6月21日星期五第4期

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2024年6月21日星期五第4期

2024年6月21日星期五第4期

2024年6月21日星期五第4期 Nature

2024年6月21日星期五第4期

2024年6月21日星期五第4期

Sleep loss diminishes hippocampal reactivation and replay

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-024-07538-2>

2024年6月21日星期五第4期

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2024年6月21日星期五第4期

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Dysfunctional circadian clock accelerates cancer metastasis by intestinal microbiota triggering accumulation of myeloid-derived suppressor cells

[https://www.cell.com/cell-metabolism/abstract/S1550-4131\(24\)00172-4](https://www.cell.com/cell-metabolism/abstract/S1550-4131(24)00172-4)

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Cell Metabolism

Nature Metabolism

Nature Metabolism

Nature Metabolism

An unbiased ranking of murine dietary models based on their

3

1. Introduction
 2. Materials and Methods
 3. Results
 4. Discussion
 5. Conclusion

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1. Introduction
 2. Materials and Methods
 3. Results
 4. Discussion
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1. Introduction
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1. Introduction
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1. Introduction
 2. Materials and Methods
 3. Results
 4. Discussion
 5. Conclusion

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1550413123000530>

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1. Introduction
 2. Materials and Methods
 3. Results
 4. Discussion
 5. Conclusion

Cell Host & Microbe

Mycobacterium neoaurum

3 β -Hydroxysteroid dehydrogenase expressed by gut microbes degrades testosterone and is linked to depression in males

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S1931312822000373>

Cell

2

Gut bacteria convert glucocorticoids into progestins in the presence of hydrogen gas

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0092867424005142>

[illegible]

研究結果顯示，mGluR2 基因多態性與結直腸癌的發生率有關。研究人員發現，mGluR2 基因型為 K0 的個體，其結直腸癌的發生率較低。

□

研究人員發現，mGluR2 基因型為 K0 的個體，其結直腸癌的發生率較低。研究人員認為，mGluR2 基因型可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

□

研究人員發現，EPA 與 AJCN 有關。

研究人員發現，EPA 與 FADS1 基因多態性有關。研究人員認為，EPA 與 FADS1 基因多態性可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

研究人員

Fatty acid desaturase insertion-deletion polymorphism rs66698963 predicts colorectal polyp prevention by the *n*-3 fatty acid eicosapentaenoic acid: A secondary analysis of the seAF0od polyp prevention trial

[https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165\(24\)00527-6/fulltext](https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165(24)00527-6/fulltext)

□

FADS1 基因多態性與結直腸癌的發生率有關。研究人員認為，FADS1 基因多態性可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

研究人員發現，6 個基因多態性與結直腸癌的發生率有關。研究人員認為，6 個基因多態性可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

研究人員發現，3 個 EPA 基因多態性與結直腸癌的發生率有關。研究人員認為，3 個 EPA 基因多態性可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

研究人員發現，EPA 與 FADS1 基因多態性有關。研究人員認為，EPA 與 FADS1 基因多態性可能與結直腸癌的發生率有關。

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bioRxiv preprint doi: <https://doi.org/10.1101/111111>; this version posted January 1, 2017. The copyright holder for this preprint (which was not certified by peer review) is the author/funder, who has granted bioRxiv a license to display the preprint in perpetuity. It is made available under aCC-BY-NC-ND 4.0 International license.

dermal white adipose tissue (dWAT) and subcutaneous white adipose tissue (sWAT) are two distinct types of white adipose tissue.

sWAT is found in the subcutaneous layer of the skin, while dWAT is found in the dermal layer. sWAT is characterized by its large, unilocular adipocytes, while dWAT is characterized by its smaller, multilocular adipocytes.

sWAT is primarily composed of adipocytes, while dWAT is composed of a mixture of adipocytes and other cell types, including fibroblasts and immune cells.

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Food Chemistry

Food chemistry is the study of the chemical and physical properties of food and the changes that occur during food processing and storage. It is a multidisciplinary field that involves the application of principles from chemistry, biology, and food science.

Food chemistry is the study of the chemical and physical properties of food and the changes that occur during food processing and storage.

Processes influencing the toxicity of microplastics ingested through the diet

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S0308814624015978>

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Microplastics are small plastic particles that are found in the environment and in food. They are a growing concern because of their potential to cause harm to human health and the environment.

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Microplastics are small plastic particles that are found in the environment and in food.

International Consortium **Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)** published a review in **Nature** 2024 443:1000-1003

1. Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)

4. Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)

Nature

MoTrPAC **Nature**

Temporal dynamics of the multi-omic response to endurance exercise training

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-023-06877-w>

8. Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)

/ 18. Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)

3. Molecular Transducers of Physical Activity Consortium (MoTrPAC)

Communications

Research Article

Open Access

The impact of exercise on gene regulation in association with complex trait genetics

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-024-45966-w>

1

Exercise is a key modulator of gene expression and has been shown to influence complex trait genetics. This study investigates the impact of exercise on gene regulation in association with complex trait genetics.

Abstract

Exercise is a key modulator of gene expression and has been shown to influence complex trait genetics. This study investigates the impact of exercise on gene regulation in association with complex trait genetics.

MoTrPAC is a novel method for measuring gene expression in response to exercise. This study investigates the impact of exercise on gene regulation in association with complex trait genetics.

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研究人員發現，飲食誘導和精子攜帶的線粒體RNA的表觀遺傳繼承，與肥胖和2型糖尿病有關。這項研究發表在《自然》雜誌上。

2024年6月10日 星期一 4月

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研究人員

Epigenetic inheritance of diet-induced and sperm-borne mitochondrial RNAs

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-024-07472-3>

研究人員

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「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。

「新型コロナウイルス6月」の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。

「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。WHOの報告によると、
世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。

「新型コロナウイルス360」の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。ATPの報告によると、
世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。

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「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
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世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。」 **JAMA Network Open**

「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
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世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。」
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**Mediterranean Diet Adherence and Risk of All-Cause Mortality
in Women**

<https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jamanetworkopen/fullarticle/2819335>

「

「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
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「新型コロナウイルス2.5」の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。ATPの報告によると、
世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。

「新型コロナウイルス感染症の流行は、世界中の多くの国々で、
深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。WHOの報告によると、
世界の多くの国々で、深刻な健康被害をもたらしている。」23%

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Nature

Lolamicin

Science Advances
Research Article

Science Advances

Research Article

OPEN ACCESS

¹³C metabolite tracing reveals glutamine and acetate as critical in vivo fuels for CD8 T cells

<https://www.science.org/doi/10.1126/sciadv.adj1431>

1

CD8 effector T cells are critical for the control of cancer and infectious diseases. However, the metabolic pathways that fuel CD8 effector T cell function in vivo are not fully understood. Here, we used ¹³C metabolite tracing to identify the critical in vivo fuels for CD8 effector T cells.

CD8 effector T cells were cultured in the presence of ¹³C-labeled substrates, and the resulting metabolites were analyzed by mass spectrometry. We found that glutamine and acetate were the critical in vivo fuels for CD8 effector T cells.

CD8 T cells were cultured in the presence of ¹³C-labeled substrates, and the resulting metabolites were analyzed by mass spectrometry. We found that glutamine and acetate were the critical in vivo fuels for CD8 effector T cells.

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AJCN

Research Article

OPEN ACCESS

A single-blinded, randomized, parallel intervention to evaluate genetics and omics-based personalized nutrition in general population via an e-commerce tool: The PREVENTOMICS e-commerce study

[https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165\(24\)00515-X/abstract](https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165(24)00515-X/abstract)

2024年6月5日星期四

Cell

2024年6月5日星期四

Cell

Gut bacteria convert glucocorticoids into progestins in the presence of hydrogen gas

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S0092867424005142>

Cell

2024年6月5日星期四

2024年6月5日星期四

2024年6月5日星期四

Nature Metabolism

2024年6月5日星期四

Cell

Interaction between the gut microbiota and colonic enteroendocrine cells regulates host metabolism

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s42255-024-01044-5>

Cell

2024年6月5日星期四

2024年6月5日星期四

[https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165\(24\)00515-X/abstract](https://ajcn.nutrition.org/article/S0002-9165(24)00515-X/abstract)

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2024年6月3日
星期三

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**Nature
Communications**

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Paternal dietary macronutrient balance and energy intake drive metabolic and behavioral differences among offspring

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-024-46782-y>

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Nature

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Paternal microbiome perturbations impact offspring fitness

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-024-07336-w>

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RNA

Diagram illustrating the reduction of a 2D array to a 1D array. The top row shows a 2D array of 20 columns and 2 rows of boxes, followed by an arrow pointing to a 1D array of 40 boxes. The bottom row shows a 2D array of 20 columns and 2 rows of boxes, followed by an arrow pointing to a 1D array of 20 boxes.

Nature

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Epigenetic inheritance of diet-induced and sperm-borne mitochondrial RNAs

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-024-07472-3>

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2024年5月31日
第4期

本期刊物主要关注代谢组学在生物医学研究中的应用，特别是利用核磁共振技术进行代谢物鉴定和定量分析。本期特刊包含多篇关于脂肪代谢和骨骼肌代谢的研究论文，旨在探讨代谢紊乱与疾病发生的关系。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在环境健康风险评估中的应用的综述文章。本期共收录论文35篇，其中原创研究28篇，综述7篇。本期编辑委员会成员包括来自国内外知名大学的教授和研究人员。本期封面故事为：定量分析棕色脂肪和骨骼肌中的代谢通量。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在药物研发中的应用的综述文章。本期共收录论文35篇，其中原创研究28篇，综述7篇。本期编辑委员会成员包括来自国内外知名大学的教授和研究人员。本期封面故事为：定量分析棕色脂肪和骨骼肌中的代谢通量。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在药物研发中的应用的综述文章。

第4期 20240531

Metabolism Nature

本期刊物主要关注代谢组学在生物医学研究中的应用，特别是利用核磁共振技术进行代谢物鉴定和定量分析。本期特刊包含多篇关于脂肪代谢和骨骼肌代谢的研究论文，旨在探讨代谢紊乱与疾病发生的关系。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在环境健康风险评估中的应用的综述文章。本期共收录论文35篇，其中原创研究28篇，综述7篇。本期编辑委员会成员包括来自国内外知名大学的教授和研究人员。本期封面故事为：定量分析棕色脂肪和骨骼肌中的代谢通量。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在药物研发中的应用的综述文章。

Quantitative analysis of metabolic fluxes in brown fat and skeletal muscle during thermogenesis

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s42255-023-00825-8>

本期刊物主要关注代谢组学在生物医学研究中的应用，特别是利用核磁共振技术进行代谢物鉴定和定量分析。本期特刊包含多篇关于脂肪代谢和骨骼肌代谢的研究论文，旨在探讨代谢紊乱与疾病发生的关系。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在环境健康风险评估中的应用的综述文章。本期共收录论文35篇，其中原创研究28篇，综述7篇。本期编辑委员会成员包括来自国内外知名大学的教授和研究人员。本期封面故事为：定量分析棕色脂肪和骨骼肌中的代谢通量。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在药物研发中的应用的综述文章。本期共收录论文35篇，其中原创研究28篇，综述7篇。本期编辑委员会成员包括来自国内外知名大学的教授和研究人员。本期封面故事为：定量分析棕色脂肪和骨骼肌中的代谢通量。本期还包含一篇关于代谢组学在药物研发中的应用的综述文章。

Nature Communications

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Senescent immune cells accumulation promotes brown adipose tissue dysfunction during aging

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-023-38842-6>

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Cell Reports
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Gut microbiome modified by bariatric surgery improves insulin sensitivity and correlates with increased brown fat activity and energy expenditure

<https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/pii/S2666379123001659>

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BCAA-nitrogen flux in brown fat controls metabolic health independent of thermogenesis

[https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674\(24\)00346-5](https://www.cell.com/cell/fulltext/S0092-8674(24)00346-5)

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2024年5月29日 星期三

今日天气：晴转多云，气温15℃-25℃。
空气质量：良好，PM2.5浓度150μg/m³。
温馨提示：早晚温差较大，建议携带外套。户外活动请注意防晒。

今日新闻摘要：
1. 国际空间站将于明日进行例行维护。
2. 我国自主研发的量子计算机原型机实现突破。

今日推荐：Nature Communications

文章标题：Antioxidant hepatic lipid metabolism can be promoted by orally administered inorganic nanoparticles
作者：Zhang, Y., et al.
摘要：This study demonstrates that orally administered inorganic nanoparticles can significantly enhance antioxidant hepatic lipid metabolism, offering a potential therapeutic approach for liver diseases.

原文链接：
<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41467-023-39423-3>

今日总结：保持积极心态，合理安排时间，完成既定任务。明日继续努力，迎接挑战。

GDF15 20240527

GDF15 Nature

2023 Nature

GDF15 NASH

GDF15 promotes weight loss by enhancing energy expenditure in muscle

<https://www.nature.com/articles/s41586-023-06249-4>

GDF15 GFRAL glial-cell-derived neurotrophic factor family receptor α -like

GDF15

GFRAL- β

GDF15 Cell Metabolism

GDF15

GDF15 enhances body weight and adiposity reduction in obese mice by leveraging the leptin pathway

